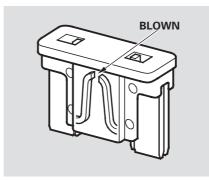


4. Check the smaller fuses in the under-hood fuse boxes and all the fuses in the interior fuse box by pulling out each one with the fuse puller provided in the primary under-hood fuse box.



5. Look for a blown wire inside the fuse. If it is blown, replace it with one of the spare fuses of the same rating or lower. The spare fuses are provided back of the underhood fuse cover.

If you cannot drive the vehicle without fixing the problem, and you do not have a spare fuse, take a fuse of the same rating or a lower rating from one of the other circuits. Make sure you can do without that circuit temporarily (such as the accessory power socket or radio).

If you replace the blown fuse with a spare fuse that has a lower rating, it might blow out again. This does not indicate anything wrong. Replace the fuse with one of the correct rating as soon as you can.

Fuses

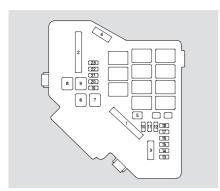
NOTICE

Replacing a fuse with one that has a higher rating greatly increases the chances of damaging the electrical system. If you do not have a replacement fuse with the proper rating for the circuit, install one with a lower rating.

6. If the replacement fuse of the same rating blows in a short time, there is probably a serious electrical problem in your vehicle. Leave the blown fuse in that circuit and have your vehicle checked by a qualified mechanic.

When the audio system is disabled, the clock setting in the audio system will be canceled. You will need to reset the clock according to the instructions in the audio system section on this owner's manual.

UNDER-HOOD PRIMARY FUSE BOX

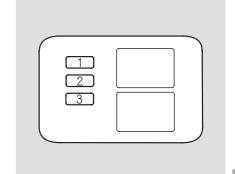


No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
1	100 A	Main Fuse
	70 A	EPS
2	80 A	Option Main
	50 A	Ignition Switch Main
3	30 A	ABS
	30 A	ABS

No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
4	50 A	Headlight Main
	40 A	Power Window Main
5	40 A	Booster Motor
6	20 A	Sub Fan Motor*
7	20 A	Main Fan Motor (A/T)
8	30 A	Rear Defogger
9	40 A	Blower
10	10 A	Hazard
11	15 A	FI Sub
12	15 A	Stop and Horn
13	15 A	IG Coil (EX)
14	15 A	IG Coil (IN)
15	7.5 A	Oil Level
16	_	Not Used
17	_	Not Used
18	20 A	IG Coil
19	15 A	FI Main
20	7.5 A	MG Clutch
21	15 A	DBW
22	7.5 A	Interior Light
23	10 A	Back Up

^{*:} If equipped

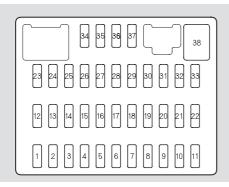
UNDER-HOOD SECONDARY FUSE BOX



No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
1	10 A	IMA2
2	7.5 A	IMA1
3	15 A	Booster MS

Fuse Locations

INTERIOR FUSE BOX



No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
1	7.5 A	Power Window
2	15 A	Fuel Pump
3	10 A	Alternator
4	7.5 A	ABS Unit
5	_	Not Used
6	_	Not Used
7	_	Not Used
8	_	Not Used

No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
9	7.5 A	ODS
10	7.5 A	METER
11	10 A	SRS
12	10 A	Right Headlight High
13	10 A	Left Headlight High
14	7.5 A	Small (Interior)
15	7.5 A	Small (Exterior)
16	10 A	Right Headlight Low

No.	Amps.	Circuits Protected
17	10 A	Left Headlight Low
18	20 A	Headlight High Main
19	15 A	Small (Main)
20	-	Not Used
21	20 A	Headlight Low Main
22	(7.5 A)	(HAC)*
23	(7.5 A)	STS*
24	-	Not Used
25	20 A	Door Lock
26	20 A	Driver's Power Window
27	-	Not Used
28	(15 A)	Rear ACC Socket
29	15 A	ACC
30	20 A	Passenger's Power Window
31	_	Not Used
32	20 A	Right Rear Power Window
33	20 A	Left Rear Power Window
34	-	Not Used
35	7.5 A	ACC Radio
36	10 A	HAC
37	7.5 A	Daytime Running Light
38	30 A	Wiper

*: If equipped

If your vehicle needs to be towed, call a professional towing service or organization. Never tow your vehicle with just a rope or chain. It is very dangerous.

There are two ways to tow your vehicle:

Flat-bed Equipment — The operator loads your vehicle on the back of a truck. This is the best way to transport your vehicle.

Wheel-lift Equipment — The tow truck uses two pivoting arms that go under the tires (front) and lift them off the ground. The other two tires remain on the ground. This is an acceptable way to tow your vehicle.

If, due to damage, your vehicle must be towed with the front wheels on the ground, do this:

- Release the parking brake.
- Start the engine.
- Shift to D, then to N.
- Turn off the engine.
- Leave the ignition switch in the ACCESSORY (I) position so the steering wheel does not lock.

NOTICE

Improper towing preparation will damage the transmission. Follow the above procedure exactly. If you cannot shift the transmission or start the engine, your vehicle must be transported with the front wheels off the ground.

With the front wheels on the ground, it is best to tow the vehicle no farther than 50 miles (80 km), and keep the speed below 35 mph (55 km/h).

CONTINUED

Emergency Towing

NOTICE

Trying to lift or tow your vehicle by the bumpers will cause serious damage. The bumpers are not designed to support the vehicle's weight.

NOTICE

The steering system can be damaged if the steering wheel is locked. Leave the ignition switch in the ACCESSORY (I) position, and make sure the steering wheel turns freely before you begin towing.